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#### MIND/COVID:

Mental health Impact and NeeDs associated with COVID-19: a comprehensive evaluation in Spain

Funding: ISCIII - Ministerio de Ciencia e Innovación EXP: FEDER COV20/00711.

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NO CONFLICTS OF INTEREST TO DECLARE



14-15-16 de abril 2021

































DONOSTIA UNIBERTSITATE OSPITALEA HOSPITAL UNIVERSITARIO DONOSTIA































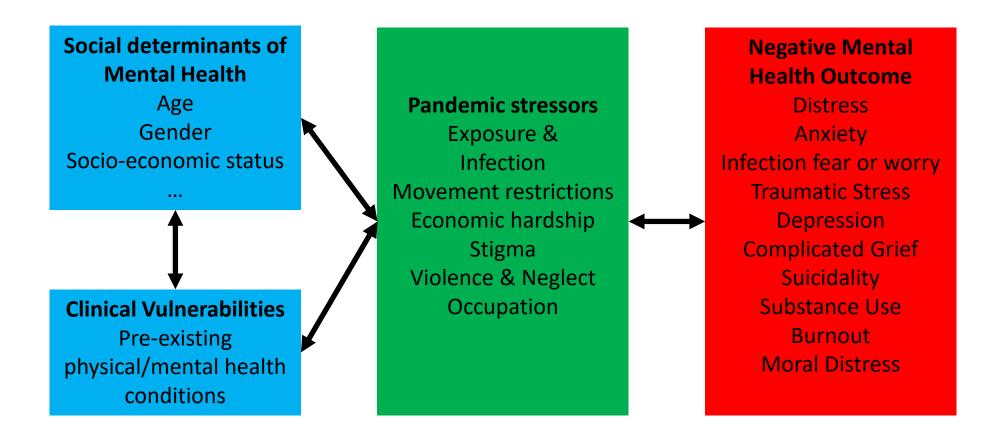


# The MIND COVID project

To provide generalizable and actionable epidemiological knowledge on the adverse mental health impact of the COVID-19 pandemic in Spain

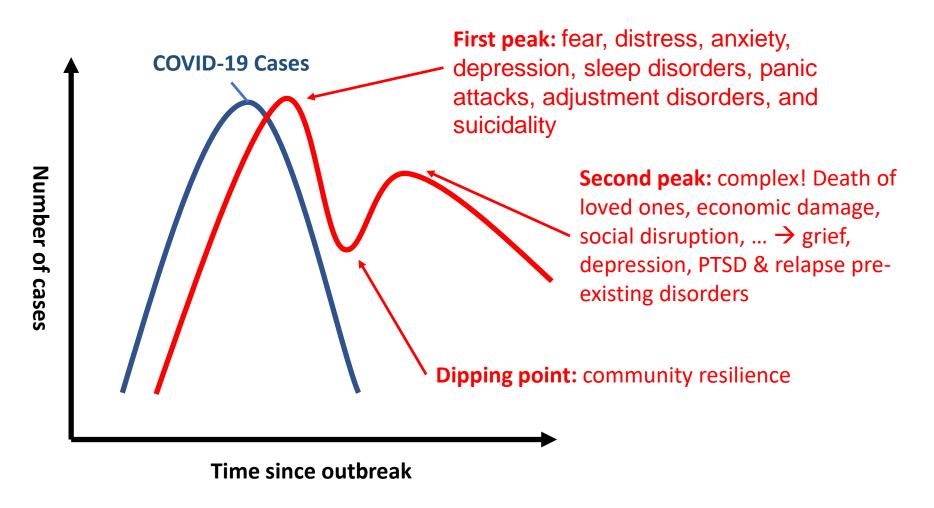


#### Mental health impact of COVID-19 pandemic





#### Mental health impact of COVID-19 pandemic



Adapted from Ransing et al. (2020). Mental Health Interventions during the COVID-19 Pandemic: A Conceptual Framework by Early Career Psychiatrists. *Asian Journal of Psychiatry*, *51*, 102085. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ajp.2020.102085">https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ajp.2020.102085</a>



# The MIND COVID project

To provide generalizable and actionable **epidemiological knowledge** on the **adverse mental health** impact of the **COVID-19 pandemic in Spain** 

- Estimate **onset** and **persistence** of mental disorders
- Investigate individual- and population-level risk factors
- ➤ Identify unmet mental health needs



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- > Estimate onset and persistence of mental disorders
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- > Identify unmet mental health needs

**Healthcare workers** 



N~ 10,000

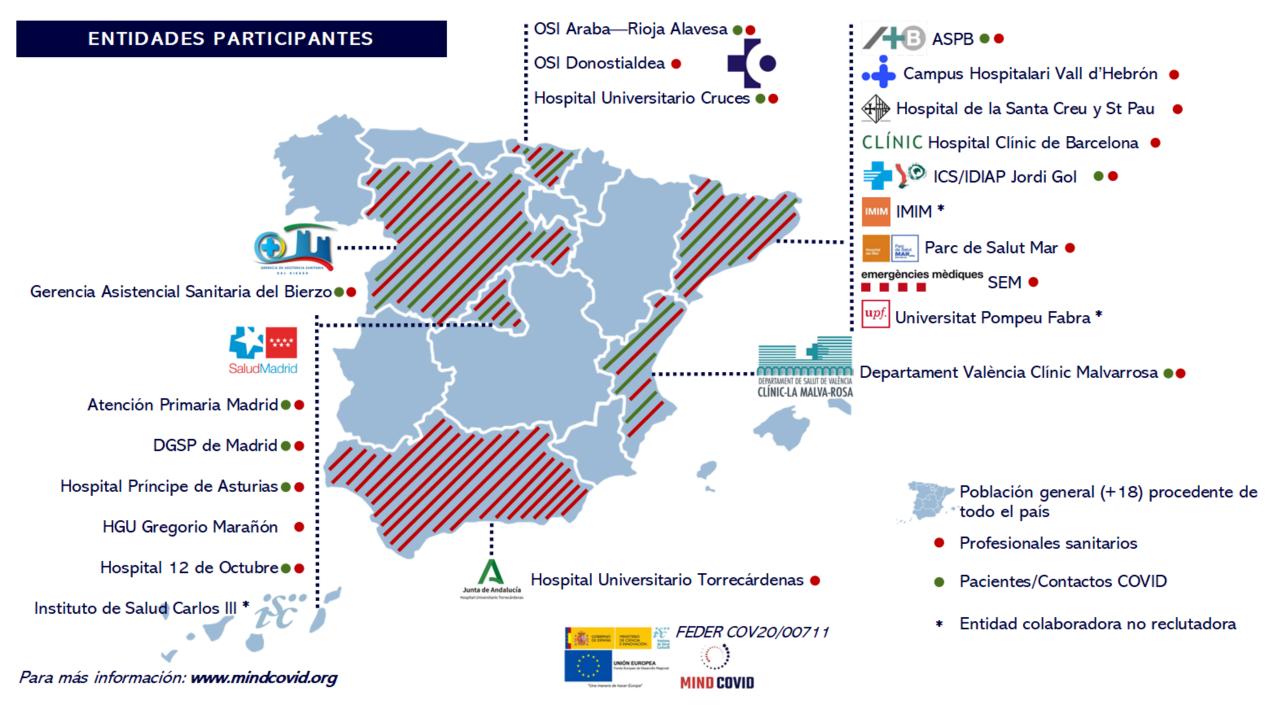
**COVID-19 Patients & Contacts** 



N~ 2,500

**Adult General Population** 

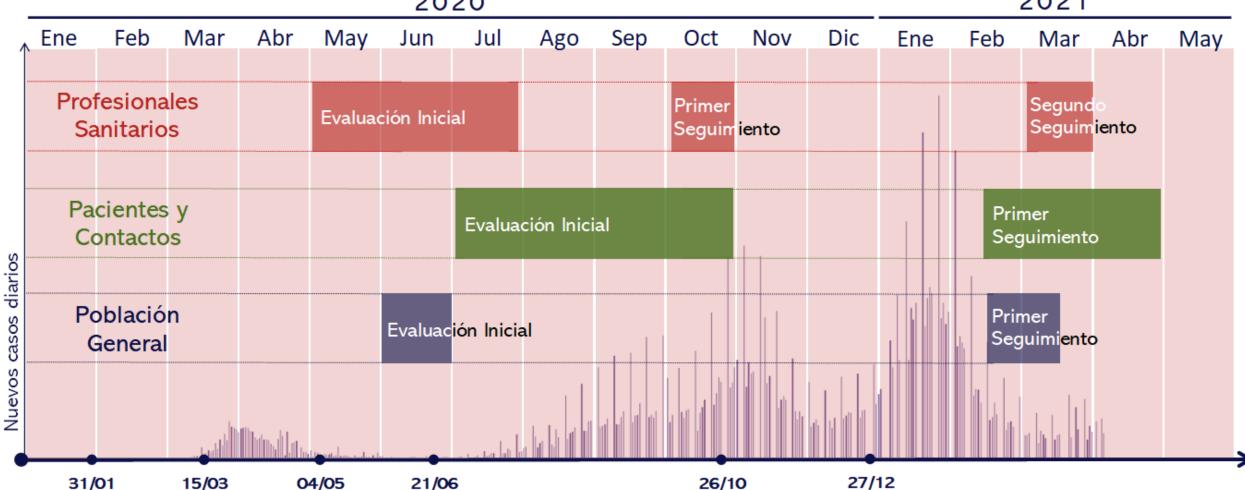




#### Cronología y Fases del estudio



2020 2021



31/01 1r caso COVID-19 en España

15/03 Estado de alarma y confinamiento

04/05 Inicio Fase O de la desescalada

21/06 Fin del estado de alarma

Nuevo estado de alarma y toque de queda

Inicio de la vacunación en la Unión Europea



#### **The MIND COVID Questionnaire - Overview**

A. SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION	E. COVID & WORK		
<ul> <li>Age, gender</li> <li>country of birth/nationality</li> <li>marital status</li> <li>educational level</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Common Section: social class, income, essential worker, teleworking,</li> <li>Healthcare worker: hospital preparedness, lack protective material,</li> </ul>		
B. COVID-19 INFECTION STATUS	F. ISOLATION/QUARANTINE		
<ul> <li>Personal infection + hospitalized/ICU</li> <li>Isolation or quarantine</li> <li>Infection close ones + severity</li> <li>Perceived COVID-19 risk scale</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Living situation: # (bath)rooms, terrace/garden</li> <li>#people in household, children in care,</li> <li>Patients/gen pop: specific experiences</li> </ul>		
C. MENTAL DISORDER SCREENS	G. PSYCHOLOGICAL FUNCTIONING		
<ul> <li>CIDI 3.0 screen pre-pandemic lifetime Dx</li> <li>Depression (PHQ-8)</li> <li>Anxiety (GAD-7)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Current stress levels + types of stress</li> <li>Resilience - Connor-Davidson</li> </ul>		
Post-Traumatic Stress (PCL-5)	H. QUALITY OF LIFE		
<ul> <li>Panic Attacks (CIDI screen)</li> <li>Substance Use (CAGE-AID)</li> <li>Suicidal Thoughts and Behaviors (CSRRS)</li> </ul>	<ul><li>EQ-5D-5L</li><li>Social Support - Oslo</li><li>Disability - Sheehan</li></ul>		
D. TREATMENT USE			

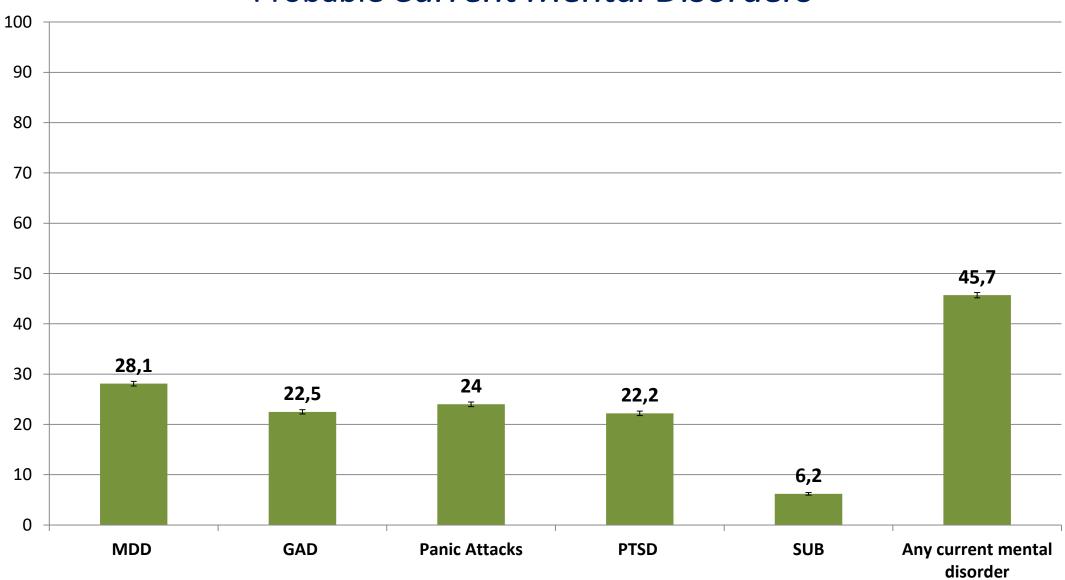


#### Healthcare Workers. *Sample* (n = 9,138)

- **77.3**% female
- **44.2**% (auxiliary) nurses / **26.4**% physicians
- 41.6% pre-existing mental health condition
- 41.4% children in care
- 16.2% positive test or medical diagnosis COVID-19
- 1.2% hospitalized for COVID-19
- 13.8% partner, children or parents infected
- 25.5% isolated or quarantined (contact with COVID-19 patient)



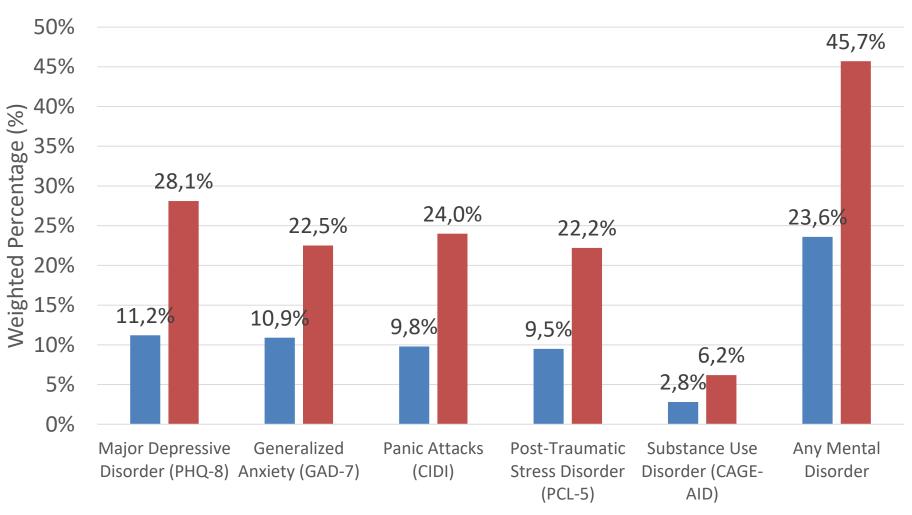
# Healthcare Workers (n = 9,138) Probable *Current Mental Disorders*





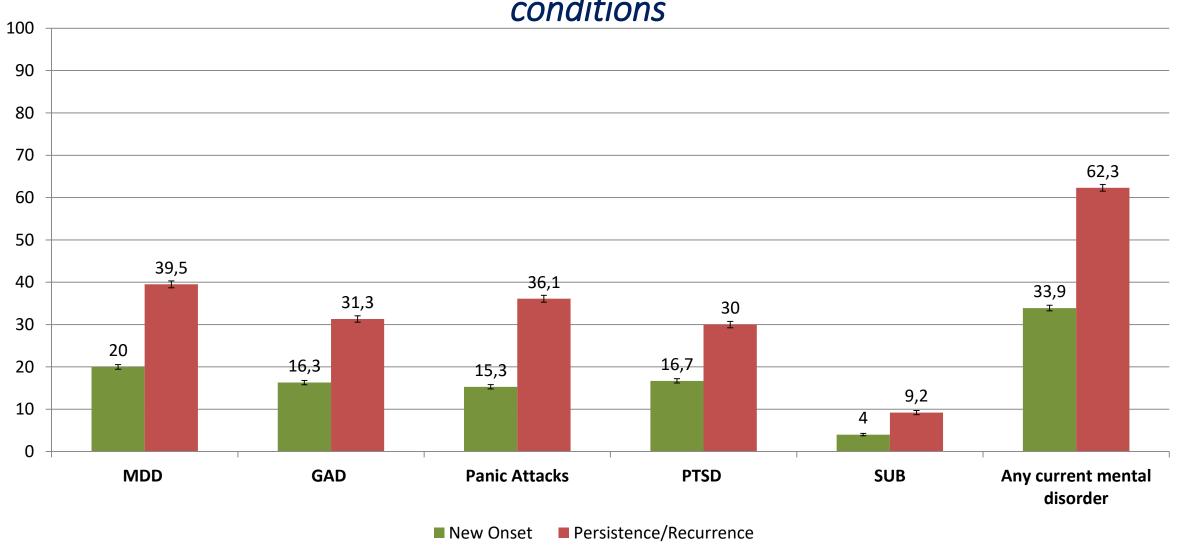
#### Prevalence Mental Disorders – 1<sup>st</sup> wave







# Healthcare Workers (n = 9,138) Probable Current Mental Disorders by prior L.T. mental conditions





#### Healthcare Need indicator

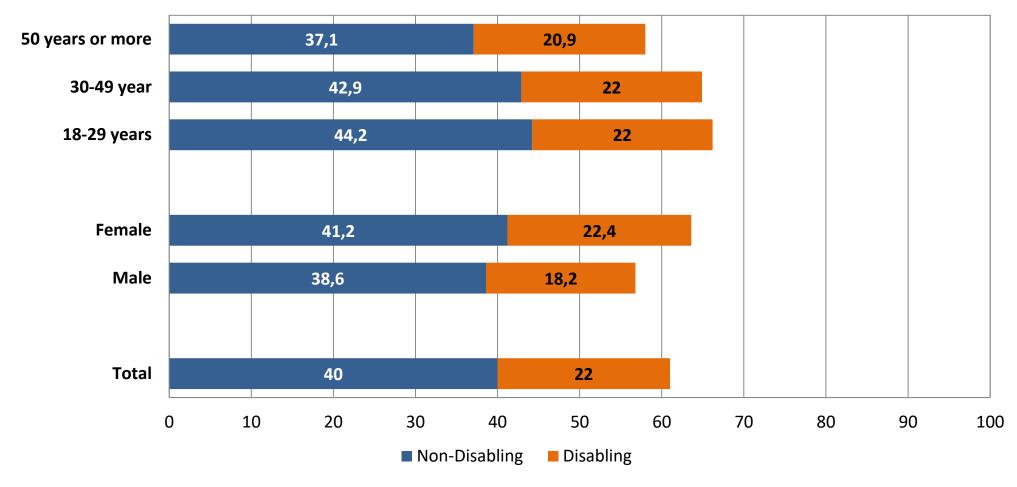
- Any Disabling Current Mental Disorder:
  - **Severe interference** (7-10) in any area of the SDS:
- **Sheehan Disability Scale** interference (VAS = 0-10) with:
  - Home management; Work; Personal relationships; Social life



#### Healthcare Workers (n = 9,138)

#### Probable Current Mental Disorders (Persistence/Relapse)

#### With prior lifetime mental conditions

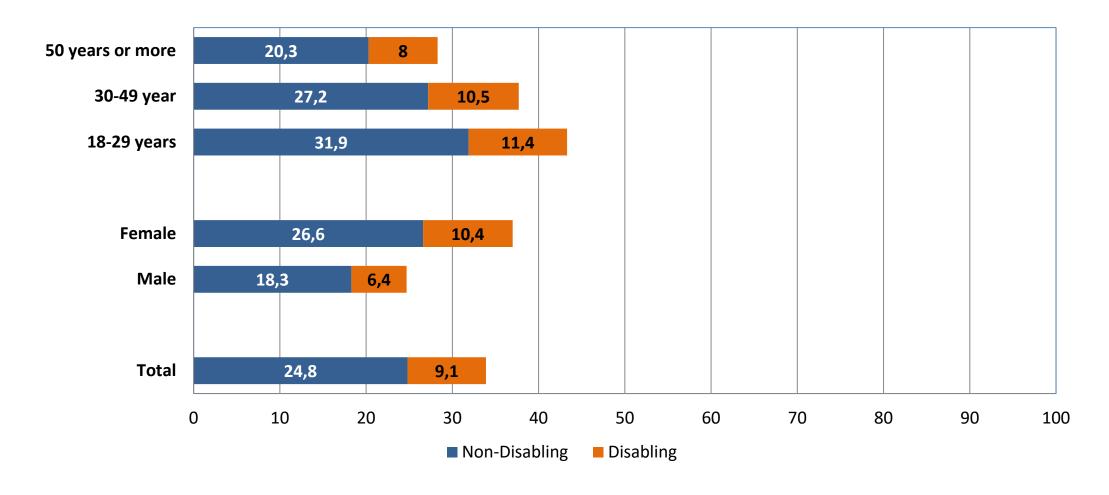




#### Healthcare Workers (n = 9,138)

#### Probable Current Mental Disorders (New Onset)

#### **No prior** lifetime mental conditions





#### Risk factors for mental disorders - healthcare workers (1)

	Prevalence	Any mental disorder (total = 45.7%)
Characteristic	% weighted	% weighted
Females	77.3%	48.5%
Age 18-29 years	10.8%	54.7%
Born outside Spain	4.6%	53.3%
Single, divorced/separated, widowed	47.0%	48.9%
Children in care > 12 years	15.5%	42.0%
Profession - Physicians	26.4%	35.9%
Profession - Nurse	30.6%	50.4%
Profession - Auxiliary Nurse	13.6%	59.5%
Work place - hospital (vs. primary care/others)	54.1%	47.1%
Frontline worker	43.6%	54.9%

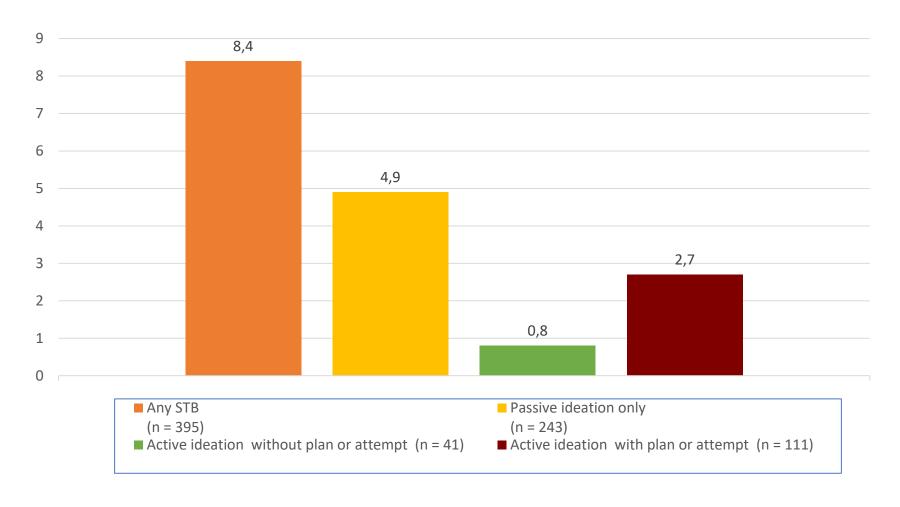


### Risk factors for mental disorders - healthcare workers (2)

	Risk factor prevalence	Any mental disorder (total = 45.7%)
Risk factor	% weighted	% weighted
Having been hospitalized for COVID-19	1.2%	55.6%
Positive test or medical diagnosis COVID-19	16.2%	49.2%
Having been in isolation or quarantine for COVID-19	25.5%	51.8%
Close family members infected with COVID-19	13.8%	51.4%
Pre-pandemic lifetime mood disorder	11.2%	70.4%
Pre-pandemic lifetime anxiety disorder	35.9%	63.6%
Pre-pandemic lifetime substance use disorder	1.4%	90.1%
Two or more pre-pandemic lifetime mental disorders	8.6%	78.0%

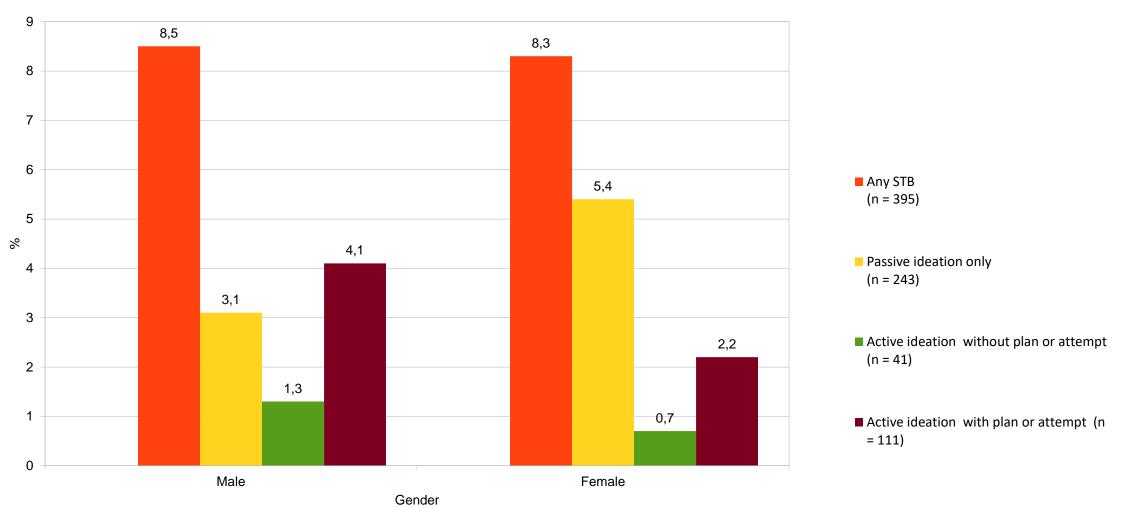


#### <u>Suicidal ideation</u> - healthcare workers (1)



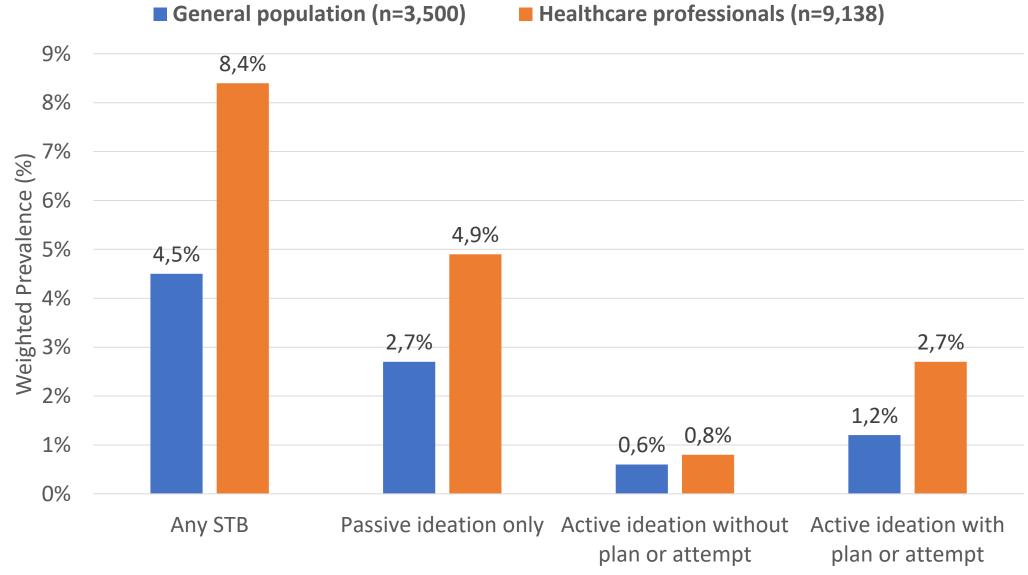


## Suicidal ideation - healthcare workers (2)





# Prevalence suicidality – 1<sup>st</sup> wave



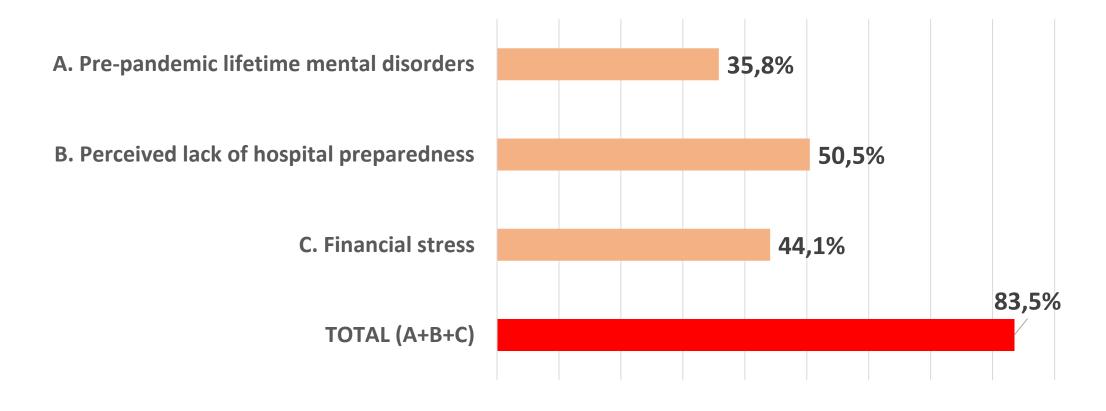


# <u>Suicidal ideation</u> - healthcare workers (3)

	Prevalence	Suicidal ideation (total = 8.4%)
Characteristic	% weighted	% weighted
Females	77.3%	NS
Age 18-29 years	15.3%	12.7%
Single, divorced/separated, widowed	52.1%	10.7%
Children in care	38.7%	5.8%
Profession - Physicians	20.8%	7.2%
Profession - Nurse	30.6%	8.3%
Profession - Auxiliary Nurse	18.8%	10.9%
Frontline worker	47.4%	9.8-10.4%
Changed to specific COVID-19 related work location	31.9%	10.7%
Having been hospitalized for COVID-19	1.3%	12.6%
Positive test or medical diagnosis COVID-19	16.6%	10.0%



# Population-Attributable Risk Proportions (PARP) for <u>Suicidal Ideation</u> - Healthcare Workers





# Strengths & Limitations

#### Strengths

- Many participating institutions
- Sampling framework
- Beyond screening-based disorders: need for mental health care

#### **Limitations**

- Self-report screener measures
- Limited participation
- Inference of causality



## **Conclusions**

- Substantial increase of adverse mental health and suicidality in Spain vs. the pre-pandemic period, especially healthcare workers
- Healthcare workers risk factors: (female/young) auxiliary nurses, those hospitalized for COVID-19 & those with pre-existing mental conditions, perceived organization lack of preparedness, job/financial insecurity
- General population risk factors: pre-existing mental conditions, adverse events, and interpersonal stress
- Urgent need to increase access to adequate mental healthcare, even in times of healthcare system overload









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## **Gracias!! Thank you!!**

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